4.56 barium



Stable	Relative	Mole
isotope	atomic mass	fraction
$^{130}$ Ba <sup>†</sup>	129.906 32	0.0011
$^{132}\text{Ba}^{\dagger}$	131.905 061	0.0010
<sup>134</sup> Ba	133.904 508	0.0242
<sup>135</sup> Ba	134.905 688	0.0659
<sup>136</sup> Ba	135.904 576	0.0785
<sup>137</sup> Ba	136.905 827	0.1123
<sup>138</sup> Ba	137.905 247	0.7170

**Radioactive isotope** having a relatively long **half-life** and a characteristic terrestrial **isotopic composition** that contributes significantly and reproducibly to the determination of the **standard atomic weight** of the **element** in **normal materials**. Half-lives of <sup>130</sup>Ba and <sup>132</sup>Ba are  $2.2 \times 10^{21}$  years and  $1.3 \times 10^{21}$  years, respectively.



## Half-life of radioactive isotope

## 4.56.1 Barium isotopes in Earth/planetary science

Because molecules, atoms, and ions of the **stable isotopes** of barium possess slightly different physical and chemical properties, they can be fractionated during physical, chemical, and biological processes, giving rise to variations in **isotopic abundances** and in **atomic weights**. von Allmen *et al.* [407] observed barium isotopic fractionation in the global barium cycle (Figure 4.56.1).

High-precision barium **isotope** measurements reveal differences of up to 25 parts per million in the **isotope-amount ratio**  $n(^{137}\text{Ba})/n(^{136}\text{Ba})$  and 60 parts per million in the  $n(^{138}\text{Ba})/n(^{136}\text{Ba})$  ratio between **chondrites** and the Earth. These differences probably arose from incomplete mixing of **nucleosynthetic** material in the **solar nebula**. Barium isotopes may be the **decay products** of now-extinct <sup>135</sup>Cs (with a half-life of about  $1.6 \times 10^6$  years), which is thought to be a nucleosynthetic component. **Chondritic meteorites** have a slight excess of **supernova**-derived material as compared to Earth, demonstrating that the solar nebula was not perfectly homogenized upon formation (Figure 4.56.1) [408-410].



**Fig. 4.56.1:** Variation in **isotope-amount ratio**  $n(^{137}\text{Ba})/n(^{130}\text{Ba})$  of selected barium-bearing substances (modified from [407], assuming a measured isotope-amount ratio  $n(^{137}\text{Ba})/n(^{134}\text{Ba})$  of 4.6470 for mean terrestrial barium [411].

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